Integrative Health Seminars presents

HORMONE DECEPTION

DEFINITIONS

- → Hormone disruptor or Endocrine disruptor are terms used broadly to label man-made chemicals or naturally-occurring substances like phytoestrogens that produce possible alterations of the endocrine system functions.
- → Xenohormones—Xeno means "foreign," and this term describes chemicals that are man-made and foreign to the body, and which mimic or block normal hormonal functions.
- → Xenoestrogen refers to a xenohormone that is estrogen-like in its action.
- → **Phytoestrogen** is a naturally-occurring estrogen-like compound from a plant. (Examples are black cohosh, wild yam and soy.) These exert a very weak estrogen-like effect in the body.

NOTE: An important distinction to remember is that the human body has the enzymes to properly metabolize phytoestrogens. Xenoestrogens cannot be properly metabolized, and/or the metabolic by-products are more toxic than the original chemical.

EFFECTS OF XENOHORMONES

- 1. "Alien hormone messengers—in the form of man-made chemicals—have entered our environment in overwhelming amounts over the last fifty years.
- 2. "These synthetic chemicals enter our bodies through the food we eat, water we drink and bathe in, and the air we breathe.
- 3. "They ride freely through the blood stream, not subject to the rules and regulations that guide natural hormones, and bind with hormone receptors.
- 4. "They deliver a message to central headquarters. Responses take place, even if the orders are inappropriate. Hormone disruptors may:
 - a. Mimic the natural hormones in our bodies, such as estrogens
 - b. Antagonize (block) our natural hormones, such as androgens (male hormones), thyroid hormones, and progesterone
 - c. Alter the way in which natural hormones are produced, eliminated or metabolized
 - d. Modify the number of hormone receptors we have, and thus the amount of hormonal signaling in our bodies
 - e. Stimulate the release of hormones or other natural substances that affect the balance of our hormones in our bodies"*

DISORDERS RELATED TO XENOHORMONE EXPOSURE

- Increase in reproductive-site cancers in women and men (breast, uterine, ovarian, prostate, testicular)
- Decreased fertility in both sexes
- Decreased sperm count in males (human and animal)
- Low testosterone levels and abnormally small penis size
- Increased incidence of un-descended testicles
- Increasing PMS problems in women
- Estrogen dominance epidemic

^{*}Berkson, D. Lindsey, Hormone Deception, p20-22